BEFORE THE SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD STATE OF WASHINGTON

1 2	IN THE MATTER OF A SUBSTANTIAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT ISSUED BY KLICKITAT COUNTY TO MORGAN RANCH INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP) } }
3	RANCH INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP	j
4	STATE OF WASHINGTON, DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY, and) SHB No. 116
5	SLADE GORTON, ATTORNEY GENERAL) FINDINGS OF FACT,) CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
6	Appellants,) AND ORDER
7	vs.	
8	KLICKITAT COUNTY and MORGAN RANCH INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP,) }
9	Respondents.) }
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A hearing on the request for review to the issuance of a conditional shoreline management substantial development permit was held at Tacoma, Washington on March 29, 1974, before Board members W. A. Gissberg (presiding), Ralph Beswick and Robert Beaty.

Appellants, Washington State Department of Ecology and Attorney General, appeared through Thomas C. Evans, Assistant Attorney General; respondent, Klickitat County, appeared by its planning director, 18 Dennis Olson; respondent, Morgan Ranch Investment Partnership, appeared

EXHIBIT A

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1 by its general manager, Al Howe.

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Having examined the transcript of the testimony and considered the exhibits, and being fully advised, the Board makes and enters these

FINDINGS OF FACT

I.

Morgan Ranch Investment Partnership (hereinafter called respondent) is the owner of 79 acres of unimproved grazing land (site) bisected by the Little Klickitat River in rural Klickitat County. Desiring to plat and subdivide the site into 31 lots varying in size from 25,000 square feet to 5 acres, respondent on June 4, 1974, submitted its applications to Klickitat County for a shoreline management substantial development permit and a preliminary plat approval (plat) for a recreational subdivision.

II.

Lots 1 through 11 of the plat are situated on the north side 16 of the stream on relatively level ground in an area which is 17 predictably inundated with flash flood waters during a short time 18 in December or January of each year. Purchasers of lots 1 through 11 19 may use them only for campsites.. During the summer months the stream becomes nearly dry. The remainder of the lots lay south of the river. Access to them is proposed to be provided by a private 22 road to be constructed between the base of a rock bluff and the river where contours are most favorable for road construction. elevation of the area south of the proposed road rises steeply up 25 Adverse soil conditions preclude the use of to a grade of 65%. 26 FINDINGS OF FACT,

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CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

I septic tanks for the disposal of sewage waste. Individual sewage disposal facilities would be permitted only upon approval of the 2 county sanitarian. Each lot purchaser would be required to procure 3 or develop his own potable water source. No provision is made for. electricity. No building could be lawfully constructed, nor a building permit issued, until the county sanitarian approves a sanıtary waste system. 7

III.

Respondent proposes to form a non-profit corporation, the members of which would be owners of lots, whose purpose and function would be to construct and maintain private roads, operate a "sanitary dumping station and trash collection" and pay for such through assessments and levies against each lot owner. (APP. Ex. 10)

IV.

Respondent suggests many environmental controls that the Homeowners Association could accomplish. None of those suggestions however are binding upon the ultimate lot purchasers, but that corporation could serve such a function.

V.

Hearings before the Planning Commission on July 16 and September 17, 1973, resulted in revisions of the proposed plat and a recommendation of conditional approval. (APP. Ex. 4) 23 recommendation was that an environmental assessment be prepared. The planning staff had recommended that a detailed environmental 25 impact statement (EIS) be prepared.

26 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

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On October 1, 1973, the County Commissioners conditionally approved the preliminary plat and the shoreline management substantial They did not adopt the Planning Commission's development permit. recommended condition which stated:

> ". . .7. That areas exposed by development be seed (sic) to permanent adapted cover and not left for prolonged periods during critical erosion months."

Because of the county commissioners concern for possible significant environmental effects of the road construction between the river and lot 12, they did impose as a condition that:

> ". . . 5. Environmental assessment statement be prepared." (APP. Ex. 5)

VII.

An environmental assessment was furnished to the county by respondent (APP. Ex. 8) on November 12, 1973, well after the governmental actions of October 1, 1973 which approved the permit and preliminary plat.

VIII.

 Excavation for and construction of the private road which provides 21 access from the existing public highway to the lots of the plat lying 22 south of the river will result in sidecast material rolling into the river and will permanently scar the natural rocky bluff above the 24 river with a road cut.

Appellants' exhibit 3 indicates that there may be an alternate 26 route availability by traversing the south slope to the east of the

27 FINDINGS OF FACT,

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CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

1 proposed location and entering the development from the top of the hill rather than along the river. IX. 3 Although appellant presented evidence showing the maximum and 4 minimum flows of water in the Little Klickitat River, no evidence 5 was presented as to the mean annual flow thereof. This Board is 6 therefore unable to find whether the mean annual flow is above or 7 below twenty cubic feet per second. The shoreline is not one of 8 state-wide significance. x. 10 No admissible evidence was offered by appellant showing the status 11 of the master program of Klickitat County. 12 XI. 13 Any Conclusion of Law hereinafer recited which should be deemed 14 a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such. From which comes the following 16 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW 17 I. 18 No contention having been made to the contrary and respondent 19 having subjected itself to the provisions of the Shoreline Management Act (SMA), this Board has jurisdiction of the parties and subject matter 22 of the request for review. II. 23 The County did not follow the procedures of the State Environmental 24 Policy Act (SEPA). For that reason the permit must be vacated.

s r NANDa ORDER

27 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

26 the decision maker has identified some environmental impact, but has

1 hevertheless concluded that a detailed EIS is not required, the decision maker must furnish or procure an "assessment" statement 3 before taking final action on the project. The assessment statement 4 must contain convincing reasons why a project with "possible" 5 significant environmental impact does not require a detailed impact 6 statement. Klickitat County has not met its SEPA burden to supply a more thorough analysis and rationale before the Board can concur

III.

The policy section of the SMA, RCW 90.58.020, provides:

- ". . . This policy contemplates protecting against adverse effects to the public health, the land and its vegetation and wildlife and the waters of the state and their aquatic life . . . "
- ". . . Permitted uses in the shoreline shall be designed and conducted in a manner to minimize, insofar as practical, any resultant damage to the ecology and environment of the shoreline area . . . "

Construction of the access road, as proposed, along the south side bf the river causes an adverse effect to the land and its vegetation 18 19 hn the shoreline area. No rebuttal evidence was presented by respondents which would demonstrate any effort to minimize the 20 21adverse effect through selecting an alternate route or modifying 22construction techniques or rehabilitation measures so as to minimize sidecasting above the river and the visual impact of destruction of 2324 vegetation and ordinary posture of the land as a result of sidecast 25 and road backslope.

26 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

that an EIS is not required.

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2	A substantial development permit shall be granted only when	
3	the proposed development is consistent with the policy of	
4	RCW 90.58.020 and the guidelines of the Department of Ecology.	
5	We find the permit to be inconsistent therewith, but do not	
6	preclude a future finding by Klickitat County and this Board that	
7	a permit could be consistent therewith.	
8	· v.	
9	Any Finding of Fact which should be deemed a Conclusion of	
10	Law is hereby adopted as such.	
11	From which the Shorelines Hearings Board issues this	
12	ORDER	
13	The substantial development permit is vacated, without prejudice.	
14	DONE at Lacey, Washington, this 20th day of, 1974.	
15	SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD	
16	West Hoodward	
17	WALT WOODWARD, Chairman	
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19	W. A. GISSBERG, Member	
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21	RALPH A. BESWICK, Member	
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23	ROBERT BEATY, Member	
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25	MARY ELLEN McCAFFREE, Member	
26	FINDINGS OF FACT,	
27	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW ROBERT F. HINTZ, Member	